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# **Leadership in Renewable Power Generation**

- Covanta is a wholly owned subsidiary of Covanta Holding Corporation (NYSE: CVA)
- Owner and/or operator of 65 power generation assets throughout the world, including 45 EfW facilities (also WtE)
- Full-service, single source approach to the permitting, design, construction, operation and maintenance of EfW facilities



Lee County EfW, Florida

- More EfW permitting, design and construction experience than any other firm in North America
- 22 of our EfW facilities were completed with Covanta serving as the sole project developer



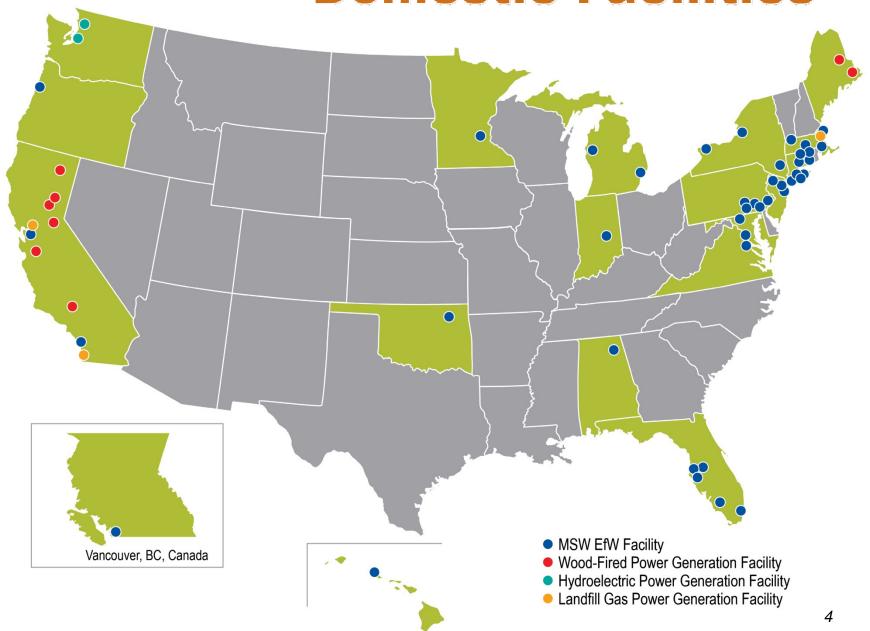


#### **Commitment to Excellence**

- Leadership in EfW
- Portfolio annually converts more than 20 million tons of waste into more than 9 million MW hrs and 10 billion lbs of steam
- Produce more than 10% of U.S.'s non-hydro renewable energy
- Responsible for over 5% of post recycled U.S. waste disposal
- Recipient of more than 150 awards/citations for excellence in operational, environmental and safety performance
- Strong corporate focus on innovation, research and development
  - Clean World Initiative / alternative technologies / NGOs



#### **Domestic Facilities**





#### **Covanta Construction Today**

#### North America

- 600 TPD, \$115M Lee County, FL EfW Facility Expansion Construction Complete October 2007
- 600 TPD, \$125M Hillsborough, FL EfW Facility Expansion NTP Received in December 2006; Construction Completed in 2009
- 900 TPD, \$300M Honolulu, HI EfW Facility Expansion Started in 2009

#### Europe

1,700 TPD, \$350M (\$EU) Dublin, Ireland – Started in 2009

#### Asia

 1200 TPD and 300 TPD, \$100+M, Chengdu, China and Taixing, China – Started Q4, 2009

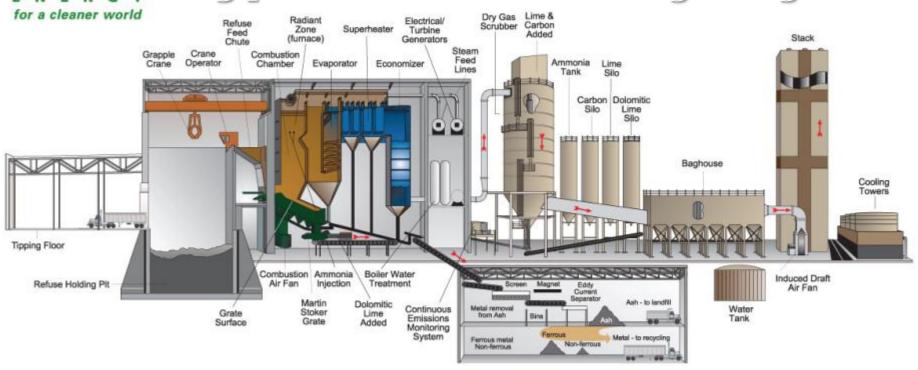






### COVANTA

## Typical EfW Facility Layout



Refuse volume is reduced 10:1

Refuse weight is reduced 4:1







#### EfW: Meeting Three Critical Global Challenges

 Creates Jobs years)



Typical facility creates 1,000 construction jobs (3+

Energy & Security

Renewable energy available locally

Climate Change

One ton of trash reduces one ton of CO<sub>2</sub> eq.









#### **Economic Benefits**

- Competitively priced renewable energy source
- Potential anchor for district heating steam loop/Energy Park
- Stabilize and energize the local economy
  - Exporting to distant landfills exposes communities to price uncertainty
  - · Local alternative for waste management
- Construction of facility (average size) will create
   \$500M+ of economic activity
  - Encourages other capital development projects
  - Typical facility creates 800 1,000 direct/indirect jobs during construction
- Green jobs to operate and maintain
  - · High paid permanent jobs for local workforce











#### **Energy Benefits**

- Generating clean energy from local renewable fuel source
  - US EPA states EfW "produces electricity with less environmental impact than almost any other source"
- One ton of waste will produce approximately 650-700 kWhrs of electricity
  - Fuel Diversity
  - Baseload power
  - Fuel source has continuous flow
- Avoids energy equivalent of over 3,000,000 barrels of oil over project life (medium size plant)













#### **Environmental Benefits**

- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions
  - Avoids a nominal one ton of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent for each ton of waste processed
- Provides sustainable waste disposal practices as part of an integrated waste management system
  - Global community recognizes EfW as a preferred disposal alternative to landfills
  - EfW compliments recycling and recovers metals and energy from residual waste
  - Reduces volume of waste by 90%
  - Reduces long haul trucking of waste to distant landfills

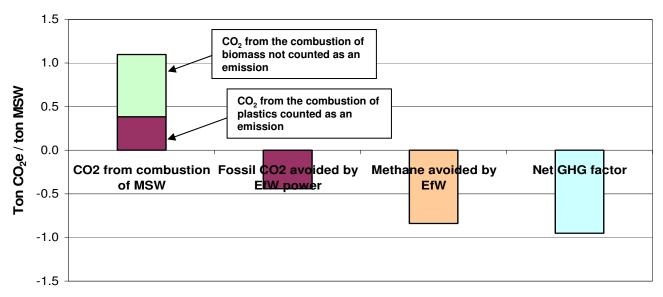






#### WTE - Net GHG Reducer

- World Economic Forum WTE is listed as one of "Eight Key Renewable Energy Sectors" for the future
- EPA Study Results indicate that WTE is far superior to landfill gas





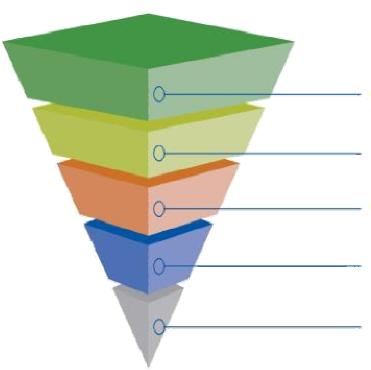








#### **Solid Waste Management Hierarchy**



Reduce. Then what can't be reduced

Reuse. Then what can't be reused

Recycle/Compost. Then what can't be recycled or composted

**Recover.** Using state-of-the-art combustion processes to generate clean, renewable energy, and then

**Dispose.** Of that which has no other use and must be landfilled.





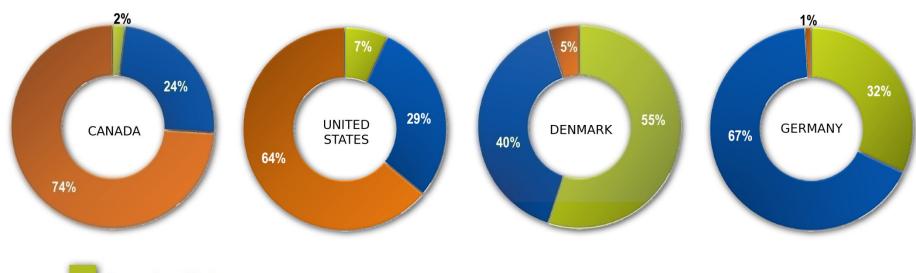






#### What a contrast

- EfW is used extensively worldwide
  - Nearly 800 EfW facilities: ~140 million tons/year









#### **Project Considerations**

- Estimated construction cost \$250M to \$500M
- Estimated staffing 50 to 85 professionals (construction, hauling and ancillary employee increase not counted)
- Estimated site acreage 15 acres minimum
- Estimated power production 355K
   MWh/YR
  - Referenced at 1,500 TPD / 650 KWh/T
- Estimated lead time:
  - 2 to 3 years permitting and project development
  - 34 to 40 months construction schedule to commercial operation

Preliminary Architectural Rendering of EfW Facility









#### **Project Overview**

- DBO: state-of-the-art Energy-from-Waste (EfW) facility in Clarington, ONT
- Using proven Martin GmbH<sup>®</sup> combustion technology to process 140,000 tonnes/year
- Guaranteeing to meet the most stringent environmental standards
- Creating 800 direct/indirect jobs during construction and 44+ operation/plant/ administrative positions
- Generating 17.5 megawatts (gross) of renewable energy—enough to power 12,000 to 15,000 homes
- Diverting several thousand tons of metals over life of project

Preliminary Architectural Rendering of EfW Facility









#### **Project Overview**

- Durham and York supplying the MSW
- Committed to 70% waste division targets by 2014
- Strong political champion, Durham Regional Chair
- Followed detailed and laborious planning process with full E.A review, ToR, and multiple stakeholder involvement/outreach
- Public procurement process 2008-2010
- CVA awarded 2009
- Awaiting EA approval
- Submit CofAs end of '10
- NTP July '11

Preliminary Architectural Rendering of EfW Facility













#### **Gold River Power Project**

- · Located in Gold River, BC on northern Vancouver Island
- Thermal Power Plant on site of former Gold River Pulp and Paper Mill (closed in 1998)
- Property, permits and assets acquired by GIE in 2003
- Permits issued in 2004 2005
- BC Hydro awarded GIE a 40-year Power Purchase Agreement un 2006 Open Call for power (90MW)
- Plant design capacity up to 700,000 TPY
- CVA acquired development rights in March 2008
- In-region and out-of-region waste disposal debates this summer by Metro Vancouver board
- Awaiting waste disposal tender from Metro Vancouver













# Thank you.

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29 million TPY





301 EfW facilities

48 million TPY

for a cleaner world

#### International Acceptance of EfW

• 780 EfW facilities worldwide—140M tons per year processed

388 EfW facilities

62 million TPY

